

## **Editorial for Spring Edition of the SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA 2015**

**Dear readers and friends,**

let me introduce the first issue of the third volume of **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA**, an international scientific online journal for the study of legal issues in the interdisciplinary context.

The journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA** is issued under the auspices of the Faculty of Law of the Trnava University in Trnava, Slovakia, and it thematically focuses on social relevant interdisciplinary relations on the issues of public law and private law at the national, transnational and international levels, represented first of all by following branches of law – legal history, theory of law, roman law, canon law, constitutional law, human rights & fundamental freedoms, international law, European law, civil law, economic law & trade law, labour law, social security law, administrative law, environmental law, financial law, intellectual property law, criminal law and criminology, connected to the key areas of social science disciplines in the broadest understanding, those represent above all international relations, public policy, public administration, psychology, sociology, demography, management and marketing, international economic relations, world economy, transnational economies and national economies.

The journal is issued in an electronic on-line version four times a year, regularly on March 31<sup>st</sup>, June 30<sup>th</sup>, September 30<sup>th</sup> and December 31<sup>st</sup>, and it offers a platform for publication of contributions in the form of separate papers and scientific studies as well as scientific studies in cycles, essays on current social topics or events, reviews on publications related to the main orientation of the journal and also information or reports connected with the inherent mission of the journal. At the end of every entire volume the journal's editorial office releases in electronic on-line version in the English language prepared abstract proceedings **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA: ABSTRACT PROCEEDINGS** summarizing the all individual contributions published in the journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA** in the corresponding volume.

The journal accepts and publishes exclusively only original, hitherto unpublished contributions in the Slovak language, Czech language, English language, German language, Russian language, French language, Spanish language, Polish language, Serbian language, Slovenian language,

Japanese language, Persian language Dari and by mutual agreement in relation to current possibilities of the editorial office also in other world languages.

The website of the journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA** offers the reading public information in the common graphical user interface as well as in the blind-friendly interface designed for visually handicapped readers, both parallel in the Slovak, English as well as German languages. In all those languages the journal's editorial office provides also feedback communication through its own e-mail address. At the same time the website of the journal offers readers due to the use of dynamic responsive web design accession and browsing by using any equipment that allows transmission of information via the global Internet network.

The current, first issue of the third volume of the journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA** offers a total of nine separate scientific studies, one review of notable scientific publication as well as two pieces of interesting information in two different languages – in the English and Slovak languages. Within the section “Studies” the first study offers readers very broadly, systematically, and in detail the questions of new legislative rules of agency work in the Slovak Republic. The following study analyzes the key issues of tenancy law in Slovakia from the view of the housing situation as well as economic, urban, and social factors of housing. The third study accurately analyzes and on basis of individual cases explains the fundamental questions of the employment contract as a central institute of labour law, particularly in the context of comparing the past and present status. The following study concentrates on the example of Poland on detailed clarification and in-depth analysis of selected questions of identity of criminal law at the time of the European integration. The fifth study analyzes in detail, streamlines, and clarifies the issues of liability aspects of cross-border transport of nuclear material, with special accent laid on the “Vienna Regime” in the field of nuclear law. The following study offers readers qualifying and clarifying the key definitions and models of restorative justice. The seventh study is devoted to socially determining questions of legislation of abortion and neonaticide in socialist criminal law. In order further scientific paper offers basic legislative facts of the relationship between assets positions and financial autonomy of the self-governing regions in the Slovak Republic and at the same time analyzes their utilization rate of assets related to obtaining additional sources of funding. The last study very precisely analyzes and deeply evaluates the websites' accessibility of the central public administration

bodies in the Trnava region from the view of applying the skip navigation mechanism. The following section “Reviews” offers readers review of a new unique scientific book – History of the State and Law on the Territory of Slovakia II. (1848 – 1948), and the final section “Information” provides key answers to the question why to study law at the Faculty of Law of the Trnava University in Trnava, Slovakia, and also the overview of scientific events organized by the Faculty of Law, Trnava University in Trnava, Slovakia, until the end of the year 2015.

In relation to the release of the first issue of the third volume of the journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA** we are pleased to inform all its readers, contributors as well as fans that the journal has been successfully registered in the international database IndexCopernicus International and applied for registration in other international databases. At the same time we would like to inform that till the date of the new issue, the journal’s websites had recorded a total of 75 countries of visits (in alphabetical order):

- |                           |                 |                              |
|---------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|
| 1. Afghanistan            | 26. Hong Kong   | 51. Poland                   |
| 2. Algeria                | 27. Hungary     | 52. Romania                  |
| 3. Argentina              | 28. India       | 53. Russia                   |
| 4. Australia              | 29. Indonesia   | 54. Saudi Arabia             |
| 5. Austria                | 30. Iran        | 55. Senegal                  |
| 6. Belgium                | 31. Ireland     | 56. Serbia                   |
| 7. Benin                  | 32. Israel      | 57. Singapore                |
| 8. Bosnia and Herzegovina | 33. Italy       | 58. Slovakia                 |
| 9. Brazil                 | 34. Japan       | 59. Slovenia                 |
| 10. Bulgaria              | 35. Kazakhstan  | 60. South Africa             |
| 11. Burkina Faso          | 36. Kosovo      | 61. South Korea              |
| 12. Canada                | 37. Latvia      | 62. Spain                    |
| 13. China                 | 38. Lithuania   | 63. Sweden                   |
| 14. Colombia              | 39. Malaysia    | 64. Switzerland              |
| 15. Côte d’Ivoire         | 40. Malta       | 65. Taiwan                   |
| 16. Croatia               | 41. Mexico      | 66. Thailand                 |
| 17. Czech Republic        | 42. Moldova     | 67. The Netherlands          |
| 18. Denmark               | 43. Mongolia    | 68. Tunisia                  |
| 19. Egypt                 | 44. New Zealand | 69. Turkey                   |
| 20. Estonia               | 45. Nigeria     | 70. Ukraine                  |
| 21. Finland               | 46. Norway      | 71. United Arab Emirates     |
| 22. France                | 47. Pakistan    | 72. United Kingdom           |
| 23. Germany               | 48. Panama      | 73. United States of America |

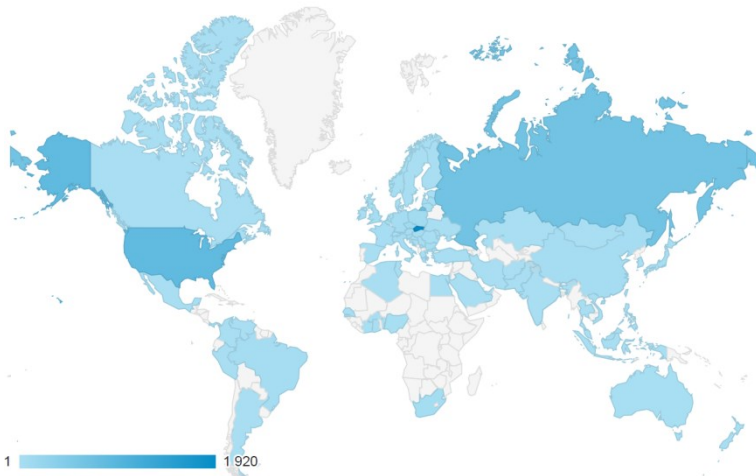
24. Ghana  
25. Greece

49. Peru  
50. Philippines

74. Venezuela  
75. Vietnam

On the occasion of launching the first issue of the third volume of the journal I would be delighted to sincerely thank all contributors who contribute actively in it and share with the readers their knowledge, experience or extraordinary views on legal issues in their broadest social context as well as the top management of the Faculty of Law of the Trnava University in Trnava, all friends, colleagues, employees of the Faculty of Law as well as rector's administration at the Trnava University in Trnava for their support and suggestive advices and, finally, also members of journal's editorial board.

Figure 1 Territorial View of Visitors' Countries in Relation to the Websites of the Journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA** before Issuing the First Issue of the Third Volume



Source: Tools of Google Analytics in Relation to Websites of the Journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA**. Available at: <http://www.google.com/analytics/>. © Google Analytics.

I believe that the journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA** will provide a stimulating and inspirational platform for communication both on the professional level and the level of the civic society, as well as for scientific and society-wide beneficial solutions to current legal issues in context of their broadest interdisciplinary social relations, in like manner at national, regional and international levels.

On behalf of the entire editorial board and editorial office of the journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA**

Yours faithfully,

Jana Koprlová,

editor in chief

*Trnava, Slovakia, March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2015*