

Editorial for Summer Edition of the SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA 2018

Dear readers and friends,

let me introduce the second issue of the sixth volume of **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA**, an international scientific online journal for the study of legal issues in the interdisciplinary context.

The journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA** is issued under the auspices of the Faculty of Law of the Trnava University in Trnava, Slovakia, and it thematically focuses mainly on social relevant interdisciplinary relations on the issues of public law and private law at the national, transnational and international levels, while accepting and publishing exclusively original, hitherto unpublished contributions.

The journal is issued in an electronic on-line version four times a year, regularly on March 31st, June 30th, September 30th, and December 31st, and it offers a platform for publication of contributions in the form of separate papers and scientific studies as well as scientific studies in cycles, essays on current social topics or events, reviews on publications related to the main orientation of the journal, and also information or reports connected with the inherent mission of the journal.

The website of the journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA** offers the reading public information in the common graphical user interface as well as in the blind-friendly interface designed for visually handicapped readers, both parallel in the Slovak as well as English languages. In both languages the journal's editorial office provides also feedback communication through its own e-mail address. At the same time, the website of the journal offers readers due to the use of dynamic responsive web design accession and browsing by using any equipment that allows transmission of information via the global Internet network.

The current, second issue of the sixth volume of the journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA** offers a total of six separate scientific studies and one scientific essay in four different languages – in the English, Russian, Czech and Slovak languages. Within the section “Studies”, the first study offers readers a very complex and detailed view of the basic key problems of the recognition of the scientific discovery as object of the intellectual property rights, above all in the post-Soviet countries. The following study thoroughly analyses, streamlines and exemplarily ex-

plains the issues of the right to strike in light of the International Labour Organization recommendations as well as the current recommendations of the Czech jurisdiction. The third study concentrates on a very detailed systematic clarification as well as in-depth analysis of the questions of the socio-historical factors for establishing the institute of innkeepers' liability and its current legal and economic context of existence. The next study offers readers systematic and thorough qualifying and clarifying of the key legal questions of the opportunity for movement of workers on the territory of the Czech Republic. The fifth study presents, streamlines, analyses in detail and clarifies the issues of the international legal aspects of the Russian annexation of the Crimean peninsula. The final study very precisely analyses, deeply explains and compares the principle of the non-discrimination in the B2B relationships, especially in the legal environment of the Slovak Republic. The following scientific essay offered in the new issue is devoted to the questions related to aspects of euthanasia in the criminal law.

In relation to the release of the second issue of the sixth volume of the journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA** we are pleased to inform all its readers, contributors as well as fans that the journal has been successfully registered in the international scientific databases ERIH PLUS and IndexCopernicus International and applied for registration in other international scientific databases. At the same time we would like to inform that till the date of the new issue, the journal's websites had recorded a total of 120 countries of visits (in alphabetical order):

- | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------|------------------|
| 1. Afghanistan | 41. Greece | 81. Peru |
| 2. Algeria | 42. Guatemala | 82. Philippines |
| 3. Angola | 43. Guinea | 83. Poland |
| 4. Argentina | 44. Hong Kong | 84. Portugal |
| 5. Armenia | 45. Hungary | 85. Puerto Rico |
| 6. Australia | 46. Iceland | 86. Romania |
| 7. Austria | 47. India | 87. Russia |
| 8. Bangladesh | 48. Indonesia | 88. Rwanda |
| 9. Barbados | 49. Iran | 89. Saudi Arabia |
| 10. Belarus | 50. Iraq | 90. Senegal |
| 11. Belgium | 51. Ireland | 91. Serbia |
| 12. Benin | 52. Israel | 92. Seychelles |
| 13. Bolivia | 53. Italy | 93. Singapore |
| 14. Bosnia and Herzegovina | 54. Jamaica | 94. Sint Maarten |
| 15. Brazil | 55. Japan | 95. Slovakia |

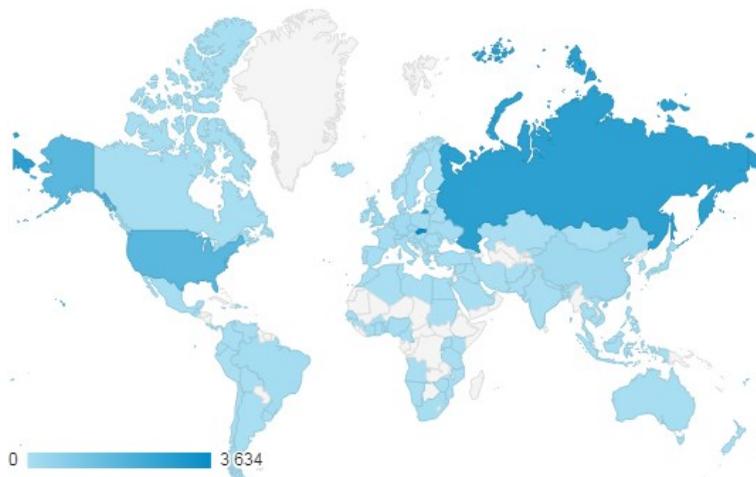
- | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| 16. Bulgaria | 56. Kazakhstan | 96. Slovenia |
| 17. Burkina Faso | 57. Kenya | 97. South Africa |
| 18. Cambodia | 58. Kosovo | 98. South Korea |
| 19. Cameroon | 59. Kuwait | 99. Spain |
| 20. Canada | 60. Kyrgyzstan | 100. Sudan |
| 21. Chile | 61. Latvia | 101. Sweden |
| 22. China | 62. Lebanon | 102. Switzerland |
| 23. Colombia | 63. Libya | 103. Syria |
| 24. Costa Rica | 64. Lithuania | 104. Taiwan |
| 25. Côte d'Ivoire | 65. Luxembourg | 105. Tanzania |
| 26. Croatia | 66. Macedonia | 106. Thailand |
| 27. Curaçao | 67. Malaysia | 107. The Netherlands |
| 28. Cyprus | 68. Malta | 108. Togo |
| 29. Czech Republic | 69. Mauritius | 109. Trinidad and Tobago |
| 30. Denmark | 70. Mexico | 110. Tunisia |
| 31. Dominican Republic | 71. Moldova | 111. Turkey |
| 32. Ecuador | 72. Mongolia | 112. Uganda |
| 33. Egypt | 73. Mozambique | 113. Ukraine |
| 34. Estonia | 74. Namibia | 114. United Arab Emirates |
| 35. Fiji | 75. Nepal | 115. United Kingdom |
| 36. Finland | 76. New Zealand | 116. United States of America |
| 37. France | 77. Nigeria | 117. Uruguay |
| 38. Georgia | 78. Norway | 118. Venezuela |
| 39. Germany | 79. Pakistan | 119. Vietnam |
| 40. Ghana | 80. Panama | 120. Zimbabwe |

On the occasion of launching the second issue of the sixth volume of the journal I would be delighted to sincerely thank all contributors who contribute actively in it and share with the readers their knowledge, experience or extraordinary views on legal issues in their broadest social context as well as the top management of the Faculty of Law of the Trnava University in Trnava, all friends, colleagues, employees of the Faculty of Law as well as rector's administration at the Trnava University in Trnava for their support and suggestive advices and, finally, also members of journal's editorial board and editorial team.

I believe that the journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA** will provide a stimulating and inspirational platform for communication both on the professional level and the level of the civic society, as well as for scientific and society-wide beneficial solutions to current legal issues in

context of their broadest interdisciplinary social relations, in like manner at national, regional and international levels.

Figure 1 Territorial View of Visitors' Countries in Relation to the Websites of the Journal SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA before Issuing the Second Issue of the Sixth Volume



Source: Tools of Google Analytics in Relation to Websites of the Journal SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA. Available at: <http://www.google.com/analytics/>. © Google Analytics.

On behalf of the entire editorial board and editorial office of the journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA**

Yours faithfully,

Jana Koprlová

Trnava, Slovakia, June 30th, 2018