

## **Editorial for Autumn Edition of the SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA 2019**

**Dear readers and friends,**

let me introduce the third issue of the seventh volume of **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA**, an international scientific online journal for the study of legal issues in the interdisciplinary context.

The journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA** is issued under the auspices of the Faculty of Law of the Trnava University in Trnava, Slovakia, and it thematically focuses mainly on socially relevant interdisciplinary relations connected with issues of public law and private law at the national, transnational and international levels, while accepting and publishing exclusively original, hitherto unpublished contributions.

The journal is issued in an electronic on-line version four times a year, regularly on March 31<sup>st</sup>, June 30<sup>th</sup>, September 30<sup>th</sup> and December 31<sup>st</sup>, and it offers a platform for publication of contributions in the form of separate papers and scientific studies as well as scientific studies in cycles, essays on current social topics or events, reviews on publications related to the main orientation of the journal and also information or reports connected with the inherent mission of the journal.

The website of the journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA** offers the reading public information in the common graphical user interface as well as in the blind-friendly interface designed for visually handicapped readers, both parallel in the Slovak as well as English languages. In both languages the journal's editorial office provides also feedback communication through its own e-mail address. At the same time, the website of the journal offers readers due to the use of dynamic responsive web design accession and browsing by using any equipment that allows transmission of information via the global Internet network.

The current, third issue of the seventh volume of the journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA** offers a total of six separate scientific studies written in three different languages – in the English, Czech and Slovak languages. The very first study offers readers a very complex and detailed view of the issue of current legal regulation of the institute of ineffectiveness of the payment of debt in the legal order of the Republic of Poland. The following study concentrates on a very detailed systematic clarification as well as in-depth analysis and interpretation of the issues

related to the theft of cultural property in the context of the Polish criminal law. The third study thoroughly analyses, streamlines and exemplarily explains the legal issues relating to the institute of freedom to shape the language of collective agreement in the light of the Czech legal order while analysing cases of sum payments. The next study offers readers systematic and thorough qualifying and clarifying of the key questions of the principle of prohibition of abuse of law in tort relations in the Slovak and European legal systems. The fifth study presents, streamlines, analyses in detail and clarifies the issues of regulation implemented in the current Czech legislation on communication and notification of personal data breaches pursuant to the General Data Protection Regulation. The final, sixth study deals with a precise analysis and deep clarification of the issues of telework as a form of work organization from the view of the labour law of the Slovak Republic.

In relation to the release of the third issue of the seventh volume of the journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA** we are pleased to inform all its readers, contributors as well as fans that the journal has been successfully registered in the international scientific databases ERIH PLUS and IndexCopernicus International and applied for registration in other international scientific databases. At the same time, we would like to inform that till the date of the new issue, the journal's websites had recorded a total of 132 countries of visits (in alphabetical order):

- |                            |                |                   |
|----------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 1. Afghanistan             | 45. Greece     | 89. Palestine     |
| 2. Albania                 | 46. Guatemala  | 90. Panama        |
| 3. Algeria                 | 47. Guinea     | 91. Paraguay      |
| 4. Angola                  | 48. Honduras   | 92. Peru          |
| 5. Argentina               | 49. Hong Kong  | 93. Philippines   |
| 6. Armenia                 | 50. Hungary    | 94. Poland        |
| 7. Australia               | 51. Iceland    | 95. Portugal      |
| 8. Austria                 | 52. India      | 96. Puerto Rico   |
| 9. Azerbaijan              | 53. Indonesia  | 97. Romania       |
| 10. Bangladesh             | 54. Iran       | 98. Russia        |
| 11. Barbados               | 55. Iraq       | 99. Rwanda        |
| 12. Belarus                | 56. Ireland    | 100. Saudi Arabia |
| 13. Belgium                | 57. Israel     | 101. Senegal      |
| 14. Benin                  | 58. Italy      | 102. Serbia       |
| 15. Bolivia                | 59. Jamaica    | 103. Seychelles   |
| 16. Bosnia and Herzegovina | 60. Japan      | 104. Singapore    |
| 17. Brazil                 | 61. Kazakhstan | 105. Sint Maarten |

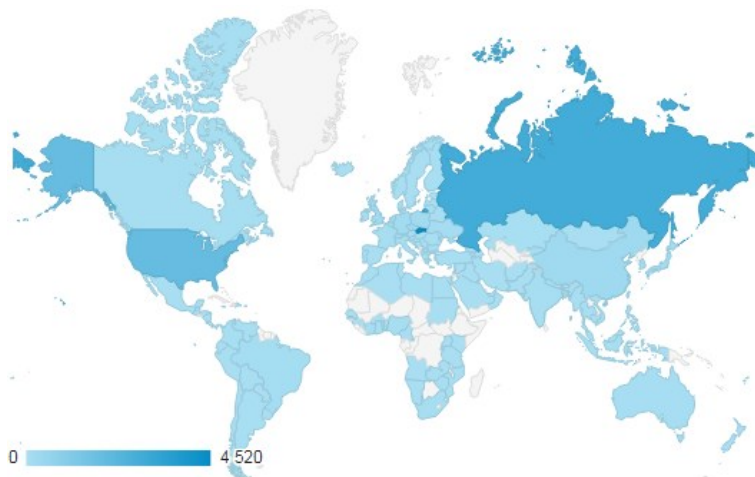
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|------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| 18. Bulgaria           | 62. Kenya       | 106. Slovakia                 |
| 19. Burkina Faso       | 63. Kosovo      | 107. Slovenia                 |
| 20. Burundi            | 64. Kuwait      | 108. South Africa             |
| 21. Cambodia           | 65. Kyrgyzstan  | 109. South Korea              |
| 22. Cameroon           | 66. Latvia      | 110. Spain                    |
| 23. Canada             | 67. Lebanon     | 111. Sudan                    |
| 24. Chile              | 68. Libya       | 112. Sweden                   |
| 25. China              | 69. Lithuania   | 113. Switzerland              |
| 26. Colombia           | 70. Luxembourg  | 114. Syria                    |
| 27. Costa Rica         | 71. Macedonia   | 115. Taiwan                   |
| 28. Côte d'Ivoire      | 72. Malaysia    | 116. Tanzania                 |
| 29. Croatia            | 73. Malta       | 117. Thailand                 |
| 30. Curaçao            | 74. Mauritius   | 118. The Netherlands          |
| 31. Cyprus             | 75. Mexico      | 119. Togo                     |
| 32. Czech Republic     | 76. Moldova     | 120. Trinidad and Tobago      |
| 33. Denmark            | 77. Mongolia    | 121. Tunisia                  |
| 34. Dominica           | 78. Morocco     | 122. Turkey                   |
| 35. Dominican Republic | 79. Mozambique  | 123. Uganda                   |
| 36. Ecuador            | 80. Myanmar     | 124. Ukraine                  |
| 37. Egypt              | 81. Namibia     | 125. United Arab Emirates     |
| 38. Estonia            | 82. Nepal       | 126. United Kingdom           |
| 39. Fiji               | 83. New Zealand | 127. United States of America |
| 40. Finland            | 84. Nicaragua   | 128. Uruguay                  |
| 41. France             | 85. Nigeria     | 129. Venezuela                |
| 42. Georgia            | 86. Norway      | 130. Vietnam                  |
| 43. Germany            | 87. Oman        | 131. Zambia                   |
| 44. Ghana              | 88. Pakistan    | 132. Zimbabwe                 |

On the occasion of launching the third issue of the seventh volume of the journal, I would be delighted to sincerely thank all the contributors who have contributed in it actively and have shared with the readers their knowledge, experience or extraordinary views on legal issues as well as the top management of the Faculty of Law of the Trnava University in Trnava, all friends, colleagues, employees of the Faculty of Law, the rector's administration at the Trnava University in Trnava for all support and suggestive advices and, finally, also the members of journal's editorial board and the editorial team.

I believe that the journal **SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA** provides a stimulating and inspirational platform for communication both on the professional level and the level of the civic society as well as for scientific

and society-wide beneficial solutions to current legal issues in context of their broadest interdisciplinary social relations, in like manner at national, regional and international levels.

Figure 1 Territorial View of Visitors' Countries in Relation to the Websites of the Journal SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA before Issuing the Third Issue of the Seventh Volume



Source: Tools of Google Analytics in Relation to Websites of the Journal SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA. Available at: <http://www.google.com/analytics/>. © Google Analytics.

On behalf of the entire editorial board and editorial office of the journal SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA

Yours faithfully,

Jana Koprlová

*Trnava, Slovakia, September 30<sup>th</sup>, 2019*