

## Editorial for Winter Edition of the SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA 2022

## Dear readers and friends,

let me introduce the fourth issue of the tenth volume of SOCIETAS ET IU-RISPRUDENTIA, an international scientific online journal for the study of legal issues in the interdisciplinary context.

The journal SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA is issued under the auspices of the Faculty of Law of the Trnava University in Trnava, Slovakia, and it thematically focuses mainly on socially relevant interdisciplinary relations connected with issues of public law and private law at the national, transnational and international levels, while accepting and publishing exclusively original, hitherto unpublished contributions.

The journal is issued in an electronic on-line version four times a year, regularly on March 31st, June 30th, September 30th and December 31st, and it offers a platform for publication of contributions in the form of separate papers and scientific studies as well as scientific studies in cycles, essays on current social topics or events, reviews on publications related to the main orientation of the journal and also information or reports connected with the inherent mission of the journal.

The website of the journal SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA offers the reading public information in the common graphical user interface as well as in the blind-friendly interface designed for visually handicapped readers, both parallel in the Slovak as well as English languages. In both languages the journal's editorial office provides also feedback communication through its own e-mail address. At the same time, the website of the journal offers readers due to the use of dynamic responsive web design accession and browsing by using any equipment that allows transmission of information via the global Internet network.

The current, fourth issue of the tenth volume of the journal SO-CIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA offers a total of five separate scientific studies written in three different languages – in the English, Czech and Slovak languages. The very first study offers readers a very complex and detailed view of the key and extremely topical issues of the plant biodiversity protection in the light of current international law. The following study thoroughly analyses, clarifies and exemplarily explains the issue of the institute of a positive criminological forecast as a premise for conditional



discontinuation of the proceedings and its application in the Polish criminal law. The third study concentrates on a very detailed systematic clarification as well as in-depth analysis and comprehensive synthesis of the benefits and impacts of the amended Czech legislation on the housing allowance in the context of the new conditions for its entitlement and the proceedings for granting it, taking into account the latest case-law of the Czech administrative courts. The next study presents systematic and thorough qualifying and clarifying of the key questions related to the issue of the legal presumption of existence of an employment relationship in the context of applying the so-called digital labour platforms in labour law in general, as well as according to the valid legal order of the Czech Republic. The final, fifth study offers the reader an extensive in-depth commentary on the legal questions related to the limits of the civil liability and the labour liability for damage caused when performing work in digital platforms in general, as well as according to the valid legal order of the Slovak Republic.

In relation to the release of the fourth issue of the tenth volume of the journal SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA we are pleased to inform all its readers, contributors as well as fans that the journal has been registered in the international scientific databases Crossref, ERIH PLUS and Index Copernicus International and applied for registration in other international scientific databases. At the same time, we would like to inform that till the date of the new issue, the journal's websites had recorded a total of 152 countries of visits (in alphabetical order):

1.	Afghanistan	52. Greece	103. Panama
2.	Albania	53. Guam	104. Paraguay
3.	Algeria	54. Guatemala	105. Peru
4.	Angola	55. Guinea	106. Philippines
5.	Antigua and Barbuda	56. Honduras	107. Poland
6.	Argentina	57. Hong Kong	108. Portugal
7.	Armenia	58. Hungary	109. Puerto Rico
8.	Australia	59. Iceland	110.Qatar
9.	Austria	60. India	111. Romania
10	. Azerbaijan	61. Indonesia	112. Russia
11	. Bahrain	62. Iran	113. Rwanda
12. Bangladesh		63. Iraq	114. Saudi Arabia
13. Barbados		64. Ireland	115. Senegal
14. Belarus		65. Israel	116.Serbia
15	. Belgium	66. Italy	117. Seychelles

## SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA 2022, Volume X., Issue 4, Pages 15-18 http://sei.iuridica.truni.sk ISSN 1339-5467



16. Benin	67. Jamaica	118. Sierra Leone
17. Bolivia	68. Japan	119. Singapore
18. Bosnia and Herzegovina	69. Jordan	120. Sint Maarten
19. Brazil	70. Kazakhstan	121.Slovakia
20. Bulgaria	71. Kenya	122. Slovenia
21. Burkina Faso	72. Kosovo	123. Somalia
22. Burundi	73. Kuwait	124. South Africa
23. Cambodia	74. Kyrgyzstan	125. South Korea
24. Cameroon	75. Laos	126.Spain
25. Canada	76. Latvia	127.Sri Lanka
26. Cape Verde	77. Lebanon	128. Sudan
27. Chile	78. Libya	129. Sweden
28. China	79. Lithuania	130. Switzerland
29. Colombia	80. Luxembourg	131. Syria
30. Congo – Kinshasa	81. Macedonia	132. Taiwan
31. Costa Rica	82. Madagascar	133. Tajikistan
32. Côte d'Ivoire	83. Malawi	134. Tanzania
33. Croatia	84. Malaysia	135. Thailand
34. Cuba	85. Malta	136. The Netherlands
35. Curaçao	86. Mauritius	137. Togo
36. Cyprus	87. Mexico	138. Trinidad and Tobago
37. Czech Republic	88. Moldova	139.Tunisia
38. Denmark	89. Mongolia	140.Turkey
39. Dominica	90. Morocco	141.Uganda
40. Dominican Republic	91. Mozambique	142. Ukraine
41. Ecuador	92. Myanmar	143. United Arab Emirates
42. Egypt	93. Namibia	144. United Kingdom
43. El Salvador	94. Nepal	145. United States of America
44. Estonia	95. New Caledonia	146. Uruguay
45. Ethiopia	96. New Zealand	147. Uzbekistan
46. Fiji	97. Nicaragua	148. Venezuela
47. Finland	98. Nigeria	149. Vietnam
48. France	99. Norway	150. Yemen
49. Georgia	100.0man	151.Zambia
50. Germany	101.Pakistan	152. Zimbabwe
51. Ghana	102. Palestine	

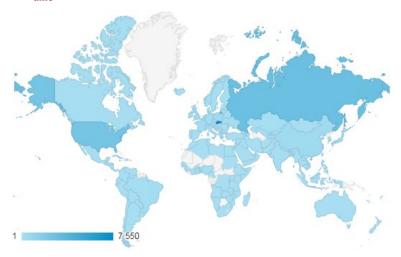
On the occasion of launching the fourth issue of the tenth volume of the journal, I would be delighted to sincerely thank all the contributors who have contributed in it actively and have shared with the readers their knowledge, experience or extraordinary views on legal issues as



well as the top management of the Faculty of Law of the Trnava University in Trnava, all friends, colleagues, employees of the Faculty of Law, the rector's administration at the Trnava University in Trnava for all support and suggestive advices and, finally, also the members of journal's editorial board and the editorial team.

I believe that the journal SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA provides a stimulating and inspirational platform for communication both on the professional level and the level of the civic society as well as for scientific and society-wide beneficial solutions to current legal issues in context of their broadest interdisciplinary social relations, in like manner at national, regional and international levels.

Figure 1 Territorial View of Visitors' Countries in Relation to the Websites of the Journal SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA before Issuing the Fourth Issue of the Tenth Volume



Source: Tools of Google Analytics in Relation to Websites of the Journal SOCIETAS ET IU-RISPRUDENTIA. Available at: http://www.google.com/analytics/. © Google Analytics.

On behalf of the entire editorial board and editorial office of the journal SOCIETAS ET IURISPRUDENTIA,

Yours faithfully,

Jana Koprlová

Trnava, Slovakia, December 31st, 2022